

QB365

Important Questions - Nationalism in India

10th Standard CBSE

Social Science

Reg.No. :

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Time : 01:00:00 Hrs

Total Marks : 50

Section - A

- 1) The Peasants of Kheda district could not pay the revenue because they were affected by? 1
(a) The crop (b) Extreme poverty (c) A plague epidemic (d) All of these
- 2) Who was the author of the book 'Hindu Swaraj'? 1
(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Jawahar Lal Nehru (c) Subas Chandra Bose (d) Rabindranath Tagore.
- 3) Why was the Simon Commission sent to India in 1928? 1
(a) To look into the functioning of Indian Constitutional system and suggest reforms.
(b) To try Indian revolutionary leaders. (c) To frame the new Constitution for India.
(d) To persuade Gandhiji to attend the Round Table Conference.
- 4) Which one of the following is not true regarding the Gandhi Irwin Pact of 1931? 1
(a) Mahatma Gandhi decided to call off the Civil Disobedience Movement
(b) Gandhi consented to participate in a Round Table Conference
(c) The British agreed to release the political prisoners
(d) The British government agreed to grant independence
- 5) Why did the peasant community actively participate in the Civil Disobedience Movement? Choose the most appropriate answer from the following: 1
(a) Failure of talks in the 2nd Round table conference
(b) The Government's refused to reduce the revenue demand
(c) Khadi cloth was more expensive than mill made cloth (d) Racial discrimination
- 6) Who was Alluri Sitaram Raju? 1
- 7) Who led the Khilafat movement in Bombay? 1
- 8) Who led the Civil Disobedience Movement in Peshawar? 1
- 9) Why was Gandhiji against the demand for separate electorates? 1
- 10) By whom was the first image of Bharat Mata painted? 1

Section - B

- 11) Write a newspaper report on: 2
(a) The Jallianwala Bagh massacre
(b) The Simon Commission
- 12) What was the notion of Swaraj for the plantation workers in assam? 2

- 13) Describe the main features of 'Salt March'. 2
- 14) Stranded on the way by a railway and streamer strike, the plantation workers were caught by the police and brutally beaten up - Given reasons. 2
- 15) Explain the circumstances under which Gandhiji decided to call off the Civil Disobedience Movement in 1931. 2
- 16) What were Gandhiji's experiments with satyagraha? 2
- 17) Examine the significance of the Non-cooperation Movement. 2
- 18) Mahatma Gandhi found in salt a powerful symbol that could unite the nation Discuss. 2
- 19) Why did the rich peasants take part in the Civil Disobedience Movement? Give reasons. 2
- 20) Explain the steps taken by the Indians for the reinterpretation of the Indian History. 2

Section - C

- 21) Why did Mahatma Gandhiji decide to call off the Civil Disobedience Movement? Explain 5
- 22) Describe briefly the "Salt Satyagraha" undertaken by Mahatma Gandhi. 5
- 23) Mention the features of the Gudem Hills rebellion? What methods were adopted by the tribals to gain swaraj? 5
- 24) Name two prominent industrialists who supported the Civil Disobedience Movement. Why did the initial enthusiasm of the merchants and industrialists fade away during the later stages of the Civil Disobedience Movement? 5
