

QB365

Important Questions - Sectors of the Indian Economy

10th Standard CBSE

Social Science

Reg.No. :

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Time : 01:00:00 Hrs

Total Marks : 50

**Section - A**

- 1) The sectors are classified into public and private sector on the basis of: 1
  - (a) employment conditions
  - (b) the nature of economic activity
  - (c) ownership of enterprises
  - (d) number of workers employed in the enterprise
- 2) In term of GDP, the structure of tertiary sector in 2010-11 was? 1
  - (a) Above 70%
  - (b) Between 50% to 60%
  - (c) Between 20% to 30%
  - (d) Between 30% to 40%
- 3) Which of the following was the objective of NREGA 2005? 1
  - (a) To provide 100 days employment in a year by the government
  - (b) To control the unorganised sector in rural areas
  - (c) To control the flow of money from private sector to public sector
  - (d) None of the above
- 4) Which of the following is not applicable for a worker, who works in the organised sector? 1
  - (a) He / she gets a regular salary at the end of the month
  - (b) He / she gets medical allowance
  - (c) He / she is not paid for leave
  - (d) He / she got an appointment letter stating the terms and conditions of work when he/she joined this work
- 5) How many days employment assurance has been provided under NREGA Act? 1
  - (a) 300
  - (b) 200
  - (c) 365
  - (d) 100
- 6) Employment in the service sector \_\_\_\_\_ increased to the same extent as production. (has/has not) 1
- 7) Cotton is a \_\_\_\_\_ product and cloth is a \_\_\_\_\_ product. (natural / manufactured) 1
- 8) The activities in primary, secondary and tertiary sectors are \_\_\_\_\_ (independent / interdependent) 1
- 9) When does underemployment occur? 1
- 10) Who are the people who work in the unorganised sectors in the rural areas? 1

**Section - B**

- 11) Explain the three sectors of economic activities with the help of examples. 2
- 12) Describe the historical changes that have taken place in sectors of the economy in the developed countries. 2
- 13) Why should we be worried about underemployment? 2
- 14) In what ways can employment be increased in urban areas? 2
- 15) Explain any three ways to increase employment opportunities for people in India. 2
- 16) Distinguish between the organised and unorganised sectors. 2

- 17) Describe the objectives of implementing the NREGA 2005. 2
- 18) Distinguish between disguised unemployment and structural unemployment. Give two adverse effects of unemployment. 2
- 19) Explain the causes of unemployment in India and suggest measures to reduce unemployment in India? 2
- 20) What are tertiary activities? Explain with examples. 2

**Section - C**

- 21) How can workers in an unorganised sector be protected? Explain. 5
- 22) How does tertiary sector becoming more important than other sectors in India? 5
- 23) Give reasons for the rising importance of tertiary sector in India. 5
- 24) Why is tertiary sector growing so rapidly in India? Explain it with four reasons. 5

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