PRACTICE QUESTION PAPER - 3
MARKING SCHEME
SOCIOLOGY (039)
2020-21

The answers given in the marking scheme are indicative. While examining answer book, the examiner must check the answer at their discretion.

SECTION A

1 (I) (a) Demographic data		1
Or		
(II) 10		1
2 Rigid		
3 (I) Patidar		1
Or		
3 (II) (c) By birth		1
4 Agriculture		1
5 Alienation		1
6 (C) **To manage workers**		**1**
7 (a) Malthus		1
8 (B) Western		1
9 (D) Karnataka		1
10 (A) Reddy		1
11 Correct		1
12 Correct		1
13 Caste is a <u>discriminatory system</u>.		1
14 Famous strike, the Bombay Textile mill strike was led by <u>Dr.Datta Samant</u>.		1
15 <u>Raja Ram Mohan Roy</u> opposed the practice of Sati.		1
16 Most of India's population lives in the <u>village</u>.		1

SECTION B

17   - More no. of older people   2

     - Working people are being burdened by dependent people

18 - Prenatal sex check   2

     - Discriminatory treatment of girls

19 - Area   2

     - Language

     - Body texture

20 - It was against the National Forest Policy of 1952   2

     - Autonomy was their main demand.

     - The creation of two states Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh is the result of this.

21 - Social act   2

     - Lower caste is considered impure

22 (I) 1. Unpaid wages   2

     2. Like bonded labor

Or

22 (II) 1. Ending Zamindari system   2

     2. Land Ceiling Act

Or any other

23 Organized	Unorganized	2
1. Employment is permanent	1. Employment is temporary	
2. They are given suitable salary, Bonus etc.	2. They do not get suitable salary, bonus, etc.	

24 (I) - Employment News   2

     - Internet

     - Newspaper

     - By mutual relations

Or

24 (II) 1. Time bound work   2

     2. Give more time to complete the work, do night out

25 (I) 1. Continuous group activities over a long period of time.   2

2. To bring changes in policy.

Or

25 (II) - This was the peasant Movement   2

- Happened in 1946 -1947

- It was for lease

SECTION C

26 (A) (I) (b) Rights   4

(II) (c) The group struggles to get its rights

(III) (c) Organization of people with similar objectives

(IV) (c) correct for some and incorrect for some

Or

26 (B) (I) (c) Common identity of the community   4

(II) (b) Qualification for which hard work is done

(III) (a) Common identity

(IV) (b) ascribed

27 (A)   (I)   (d) Cities   4

(II)   (d) It was easy to import and export from here

(III)   (a) To earn maximum profit

(IV)   (a) To bring goods from outside

Or

A.27 (B) (I) Wrong methods   4

(II) Cheaply

(III) True

(IV) False

28 (A) Age Structure - the proportion of people of different age groups relative to the total population

It's Relevance for Economic Development and Growth

1. Increase in life expectancy

2. National Population Policy

3. Decrease in dependency ratio

4. Enhancing quality of life

OR

28 (B) - Systematic study of population   4

- The origin of the word demography is from the Greek word ' Demos ' (people) and graphien (describe).

 - So demography refers to systematic and descriptive study of people and other subjects related to them.

   - Statistics data are important for making policies

     Two types

1. Formal Demography

2. Social Demography

29 1. Pre-conceived idea

2. Public trust

3. To deprive

4. Insult

30 - The caste system in traditional Indian society was functional within the religious frame   4

   - The concept of purity and pollution

   - Currently caste a pressure group

   - Caste organizations pressurize to accept their demands

   - This changed role of caste is called caste secularization.

31 - End of Zamindari system 4

- Land Ceiling Act
- Elimination or control of tenancy
- Land ownership record

32 1. Foreign goods started to be found easily in Indian market and shops.   4
   Because of this reason some workers lost their jobs

   2. Due to the arrival of many foreign companies, the work of small traders
   Stopped.

   3. Due to privatization of many works, people have insecurity of employment.

   4. Companies get a lot of work done from outside sources.

SECTION D

33 (A) Caste -   6

   - An institutional arrangement
   - The English word caste is derived from the Portuguese word casta, which
     means Pure breed

Caste	Varna
1. Literal meaning pure breed	1. literal meaning color
2. based on birth	2. based on karma
3. Rigid	3. Flexible
4. Multiple castes	4. Four Varna

Or

33 (B) Definition of family   6
        Type of family

34 - Raja Ram Mohan Roy - Sati system - Establishment of Brahma
Samaj   6
     - Dayanand Saraswati - Education of girls - Establishment of Arya Samaj
    - Jyotiba Phule - Caste and gender discrimination - Establishment of
      Satyashodhak Samaj
    - Sir Syed Ahmed Khan - Reform Movement in Muslim Community

35 (I) Women's Movement - A unified women's movement for women's rights
      In the mid-1970s there was a renewal of the women's movement in India 2

   (II) i) Tendency to isolate   4
       (ii) not to value them
      (iii) Try to suppress their rights
      (iv) Not making policy for them