

RD SHARMA

Solutions

Class 9 Maths

Chapter 12

Ex 12.1

Q1 . Find the area of a triangle whose sides are respectively 150 cm, 120 cm and 200 cm.

Solution:

Let the sides of the given triangle be a, b, c respectively.

So given,

$$a = 150 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 120 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 200 \text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of the triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

Semi perimeter of a triangle = s

$$2s = a + b + c$$

$$s = \frac{(a+b+c)}{2}$$

$$s = \frac{(150+200+120)}{2}$$

$$s = 235 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Therefore, area of the triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{235 \times (235 - 150) \times (235 - 200) \times (235 - 120)}$$

$$= 8966.56 \text{ cm}^2$$

Q2. Find the area of a triangle whose sides are respectively 9 cm, 12 cm and 15 cm.

Solution:

Let the sides of the given triangle be a, b, c respectively.

So given,

$$a = 9 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 15 \text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of the triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

Semi perimeter of a triangle = s

$$2s = a + b + c$$

$$s = \frac{(a+b+c)}{2}$$

$$s = \frac{(9+12+15)}{2}$$

$$s = 18 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Therefore, area of the triangle} &= \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)} \\ &= \sqrt{18 \times (18 - 9) \times (18 - 12) \times (18 - 15)} \\ &= 54\text{cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

Q3. Find the area of a triangle two sides of which are 18 cm and 10 cm and the perimeter is 42cm.

Solution:

Whenever we are given the measurements of all sides of a triangle, we basically look for Heron's formula to find out the area of the triangle.

If we denote area of the triangle by A, then the area of a triangle having sides a, b, c and s as semi-perimeter is given by:

$$A = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$\text{Where, } s = \frac{(a+b+c)}{2}$$

We are given:

$$a = 18 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 10 \text{ cm, and perimeter} = 42 \text{ cm}$$

We know that perimeter = 2s,

$$\text{So, } 2s = 42$$

$$\text{Therefore, } s = 21 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{We know that, } s = \frac{(a+b+c)}{2}$$

$$21 = \frac{(18+10+c)}{2}$$

$$42 = 28 + c$$

$$c = 14 \text{ cm}$$

So the area of the triangle is:

$$A = \sqrt{21 \times (21 - 18) \times (21 - 10) \times (21 - 14)}$$

$$A = \sqrt{21 \times (3) \times (11) \times (7)}$$

$$A = \sqrt{4851}$$

$$A = 21\sqrt{11}\text{cm}^2$$

Q4 . In a triangle ABC, AB = 15cm, BC = 13cm and AC = 14cm. Find the area of triangle ABC and hence its altitude on AC.

Solution:

Let the sides of the given triangle be AB = a, BC = b, AC = c respectively.

So given,

$$a = 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 13 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 14 \text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of the triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

Semi perimeter of a triangle = $2s$

$$2s = a + b + c$$

$$s = \frac{(a+b+c)}{2}$$

$$s = \frac{(15+13+14)}{2}$$

$$s = 21 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Therefore, area of the triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{21 \times (21 - 15) \times (21 - 13) \times (21 - 14)}$$

$$= 84\text{cm}^2$$

BE is a perpendicular on AC

Now, area of triangle = 84cm^2

$$\frac{1}{2} \times BE \times AC = 84\text{cm}^2$$

$$BE = 12\text{cm}$$

The length of BE is 12 cm

Q5 . The perimeter of a triangular field is 540 m and its sides are in the ratio 25:17:12. Find the area of triangle.

Solution:

Let the sides of the given triangle be $a = 25x$, $b = 17x$, $c = 12x$ respectively,

So,

$$a = 25x \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 17x \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 12x \text{ cm}$$

Given Perimeter = 540 cm

$$2s = a + b + c$$

$$a + b + c = 540 \text{ cm}$$

$$25x + 17x + 12x = 540 \text{ cm}$$

$$54x = 540 \text{ cm}$$

$$x = 10 \text{ cm}$$

Therefore, the sides of a triangle are

$$a = 250 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 170 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 120 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Now, Semi perimeter } s = \frac{(a+b+c)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{540}{2}$$

$$= 270 \text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of the triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{270 \times (270 - 250) \times (270 - 170) \times (270 - 120)}$$

$$= 9000 \text{ cm}^2$$

Therefore, the area of the triangle is 9000 cm^2

Q6. The perimeter of a triangle is 300 m. If its sides are in the ratio of 3: 5: 7. Find the area of the triangle.

Solution:

Given the perimeter of a triangle is 300 m and the sides are in a ratio of 3: 5: 7

Let the sides a, b, c of a triangle be 3x, 5x, 7x respectively

So, the perimeter = $2s = a + b + c$

$$200 = a + b + c$$

$$300 = 3x + 5x + 7x$$

$$300 = 15x$$

Therefore, $x = 20 \text{ m}$

So, the respective sides are

$$a = 60 \text{ m}$$

$$b = 100 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 140 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Now, semi perimeter } s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$$= \frac{60+100+140}{2}$$

$$= 150 \text{ m}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of a triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{150 \times (150 - 60) \times (150 - 100) \times (150 - 140)}$$

$$= 1500\sqrt{3}\text{m}^2$$

Thus, the area of a triangle is $1500\sqrt{3}\text{m}^2$

Q7. The perimeter of a triangular field is 240 dm. If two of its sides are 78 dm and 50 dm, find the length of the perpendicular on the side of length 50 dm from the opposite vertex.

Solution:

Given,

In a triangle ABC, $a = 78 \text{ dm} = \text{AB}$, $b = 50 \text{ dm} = \text{BC}$

Now, Perimeter = 240 dm

Then, $\text{AB} + \text{BC} + \text{AC} = 240 \text{ dm}$

$$78 + 50 + \text{AC} = 240$$

$$\text{AC} = 240 - (78 + 50)$$

$$\text{AC} = 112 \text{ dm} = c$$

Now, $2s = a + b + c$

$$2s = 78 + 50 + 112$$

$$s = 120 \text{ dm}$$

$$\text{Area of a triangle ABC} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{120 \times (120 - 78) \times (120 - 50) \times (120 - 112)}$$

$$= 1680\text{dm}^2$$

Let AD be a perpendicular on BC

$$\text{Area of the triangle ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{AD} \times \text{BC}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \text{AD} \times \text{BC} = 1680\text{dm}^2$$

$$\text{AD} = 67.2 \text{ dm}$$

Q8. A triangle has sides 35 cm, 54 cm, 61 cm long. Find its area. Also, find the smallest of its altitudes?

Solution:

Given,

The sides of the triangle are

$$a = 35 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 54 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 61 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Perimeter } 2s = a + b + c$$

$$2s = 35 + 54 + 61 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Semi perimeter } s = 75 \text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of the triangle} &= \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)} \\ &= \sqrt{75 \times (75 - 35) \times (75 - 54) \times (75 - 61)} \\ &= 939.14\text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

The altitude will be smallest provided the side corresponding to this altitude is longest.

The longest side = 61 cm

$$\text{Area of the triangle} = \frac{1}{2} \times h \times 61$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times h \times 61 = 939.14\text{cm}^2$$

$$h = 30.79\text{cm}$$

Hence the length of the smallest altitude is 30.79cm

Q9. The lengths of the sides of a triangle are in a ratio of 3 : 4 : 5 and its perimeter is 144 cm. Find the area of the triangle and the height corresponding to the longest side?

Solution:

Given the perimeter of a triangle is 160m and the sides are in a ratio of 3 : 4 : 5

Let the sides a, b, c of a triangle be 3x, 4x, 5x respectively

So, the perimeter = 2s = a + b + c

$$144 = a + b + c$$

$$144 = 3x + 4x + 5x$$

Therefore, x = 12cm

So, the respective sides are

$$a = 36\text{cm}$$

$$b = 48\text{cm}$$

$$c = 60\text{cm}$$

$$\text{Now, semi perimeter } s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$$= \frac{36+48+60}{2}$$

$$= 72\text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of a triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{72 \times (72 - 36) \times (72 - 48) \times (72 - 60)}$$

$$= 864\text{cm}^2$$

Thus, the area of a triangle is 864cm²

The altitude will be smallest provided the side corresponding to this altitude is longest.

The longest side = 60 cm

$$\text{Area of the triangle} = \frac{1}{2} \times h \times 60$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times h \times 60 = 864\text{cm}^2$$

$$h = 28.8 \text{ cm}$$

Hence the length of the smallest altitude is 28.8 cm

Q10. The perimeter of an isosceles triangle is 42 cm and its base is $\frac{3}{2}$ times each of the equal side. Find the length of each of the triangle, area of the triangle and the height of the triangle.

Solution:

Let 'x' be the length of two equal sides,

$$\text{Therefore the base} = \frac{1}{2} \times x$$

Let the sides a, b, c of a triangle be $\frac{1}{2} \times x$, x and x respectively

$$\text{So, the perimeter} = 2s = a + b + c$$

$$42 = a + b + c$$

$$42 = \frac{3}{2} \times x + x + x$$

$$\text{Therefore, } x = 12 \text{ cm}$$

So, the respective sides are

$$a = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$c = 18 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Now, semi perimeter } s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$$= \frac{12+12+18}{2}$$

$$= 21 \text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of a triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{21 \times (21 - 12) \times (21 - 12) \times (21 - 18)}$$

$$= 71.42\text{cm}^2$$

Thus, the area of a triangle is 71.42cm^2

The altitude will be smallest provided the side corresponding to this altitude is longest.

The longest side = 18 cm

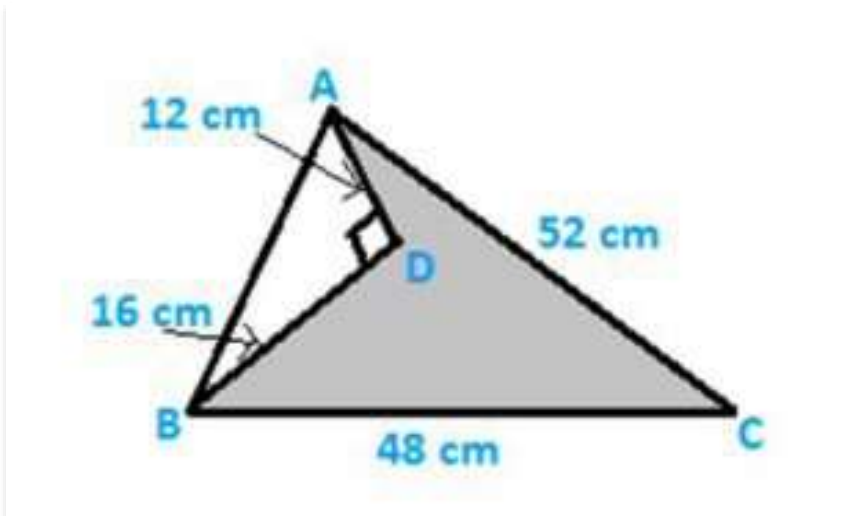
$$\text{Area of the triangle} = \frac{1}{2} \times h \times 18$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times h \times 18 = 71.42\text{cm}^2$$

$$h = 7.93 \text{ cm}$$

Hence the length of the smallest altitude is 7.93 cm

Q11. Find the area of the shaded region in fig. below



Solution:

Area of the shaded region = Area of $\triangle ABC$ – Area of $\triangle ADB$

Now in triangle ADB

$$AB^2 = AD^2 + BD^2 \dots\dots(i)$$

Given, $AD = 12 \text{ cm}$, $BD = 16 \text{ cm}$

Substituting the value of AD and BD in eq (i), we get

$$\begin{aligned} AB^2 &= 12^2 + 16^2 \\ &= 400\text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$AB = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Now, area of a triangle} = \frac{1}{2} \times AD \times BD$$

$$= 96\text{cm}^2$$

Now in triangle ABC,

$$s = \frac{1}{2} \times (AB + BC + CA)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times (52 + 48 + 20)$$

$$= 60 \text{ cm}$$

By using Heron's Formula

$$\text{The area of a triangle} = \sqrt{s \times (s - a) \times (s - b) \times (s - c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{60 \times (60 - 20) \times (60 - 48) \times (60 - 52)}$$

$$= 480\text{cm}^2$$

Thus, the area of a triangle is 480cm^2

Area of shaded region = Area of triangle ABC – Area of triangle ADB

$$= (480 - 96) \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 384 \text{ cm}^2$$

Area of shaded region = 384 cm^2