Very Short Answer Questions

Q.1. What is media?

Ans. Media is the plural form of the word "medium" and it describes the various ways through which we communicate in society.

Q.2. What is mass media?

Ans. Media refers to all means of communication; everything ranging from a phone call to the evening news on TV. TV, radio and newspapers are forms of media. Since they reach millions of people or the masses, across the country and the world are thus called mass media.

Q.3. Define publishing.

Ans. This refers to newspapers, articles, interviews, stories, etc. that are printed in newspapers, magazines and books for a wide audience to read.

Q.4. What is censorship?

Ans. This refers to the powers that the government has to disallow media from publishing or showing certain stories.

Q.5. Define broadcast.

Ans. It is a word used to refer to a TV or a radio progamme that is widely transmitted.

Q.6. What is public protest?

Ans. When a large number of people come together and openly state their opposition to some issue, it is called public protest. Organising a rally, starting a signature campaign, blocking roads etc. are some of the ways in which it is done.

Q.7. What is a balanced report?

Ans. A balanced report is the one that discusses a particular story from all perspectives and then leaves it to readers to make up their minds.

Short Answer Questions

Q.1. Does media give a balanced report?

Ans. (i) Writing a balanced report depends on an independent media.

(ii) No one should influence and control the coverage of news.

(iii) No one should tell the media as to what is to be included and what is not to be included in the news.

(iv) If the information is reliable and not biased then only it is balanced.

Q.2. How do we know that media is not independent?

Ans. Media is not independent because of two reasons:

- 1) Government at times controls the media from sharing many news with the larger public. This is called censorship. In India, it was done during the emergency of 1975–1977.
- 2) Media channels are controlled by big corporate houses so that focus is on the side of the story which suits them or favours those who give them money through advertisements.

Q.3. Give an example to show that media fails on issues which are significant in our lives.

Ans. (i) Several instances show that media fails to focus on issues which are significant in our lives.

(ii) For example, drinking water is a major problem in the country.

(iii) However, we seldom find the media discussing the issue.

(iv) A well-known Indian journalist wrote how the fashion week, in which cloth designers show their designs, formed the front page headlines of all the newspapers, while several slums were being demolished in Mumbai the same week, which went unnoticed.

Q.4. How does media play an important role in deciding what stories to focus on?

Ans. (i) The media plays an important role in deciding what stories to focus on and, therefore, decides on what is newsworthy.

(ii) For example, the annual function at your school is unlikely to make news.

(iii) But if a famous actor is invited as the Chief Guest, then the media might be interested in covering it.

(iv) By focusing on particular issues, the media influences our thoughts and brings those issues to our attention.

(v) Due to this significant influence, it is said that media sets the agenda.

Q.5. Give an example of positive influence of media reporting.

Ans. (i) Recently in 2015, media drew attention towards more than alarming level of lead (7 times the permissible level) in a package of maggie-2 minute noodle.

(ii) Maggie was banned nationwide.

(iii) It made us aware about the Maggi health scare.

(iv) In covering this, media positively helped us to focus on an issue that affects our lives and how FSSAI (Food Safety and Standards Authority of India) pronounced. Maggie 'Unsafe and hazardous for human consumption.'

Q.6. What does TV do for us?

Ans. (i) TV helps to shape our views of the world, our beliefs, attitudes and values.

(ii) We need to realise that it gives us a partial view of the world.

(iii) We should always be aware of the large exciting world beyond our TV screen.

(iv) Active viewers enjoy TV as a mode of entertainment and information.

Q.7. What is the reality of working of media?

Ans. The media has a very important role to play in our lives.

- Through the media, we hear about issues related to the working of the government.
- The media decides what to focus on and in this way it sets the agenda.
- If the government prevents the media from publishing the news, it is called censorship.
- Now-a-days media, close relationship with business often means that a balanced report is difficult to come up.
- Thus, a factual information which a newspaper gives may not be complete and may be one-sided.

Long Answer Questions

Q.1. How has technology helped media?

Ans. (i) Mass media has become popular due to the advent of the Cable Television and the Internet.

(ii) Changing technology or machines and making technology more modern has helped media reach more people.

(iii) It has even improved the quality of sound and the images people get to see.

(iv) Media also influences our thoughts and expressions.

(v) It gives a virtual platform to think ourselves as a part of the global world.

(vi) TV images travel huge distances through satellites and cables.

(vii) Television has brought the world closer to us.

Q.2. Why is local media gaining prominence? Give an example.

Ans. (i) Recognising that the media will not be interested in covering small issues that involve ordinary people and their daily lives, several local groups have come forward to start their own media.

(ii) For instance, community radio is used to tell farmers about seeds and fertilisers.

(iii) Others make documentary films on real-life conditions faced by different poor communities.

(iv) Another example is a newspaper called Khabar Lahriya run by eight Dalit women in Chitrakoot (UP).

(v) It used Bundeli about local issues like violence against women, Dalit exploitation, etc.

Hots (Higher Order Thinking Skills)

Q.1. How is media closely related to money?

Ans. (i) The different technologies used by media—lights, cameras, sound recorders, transmission satellites, etc.—cost a lot of money.

(ii) In a newsroom along with the newsreader, there are a number of people who help put the broadcast together.

(iii) Mass media, therefore needs a great deal of money to do its work. Media uses a number of ways to earn money.

(iv) One way is by advertising different things like cars, chocolates, clothes, etc.