

# Unitary Method

## Exercise 9A

Q1

**Answer :**

Cost of 15 oranges = Rs 110

Cost of 1 orange = Rs  $\frac{110}{15}$

$\therefore$  Cost of 39 oranges = Rs  $\frac{110}{15} \times 39$  = Rs 286

Q2

**Answer :**

Amount of sugar bought for Rs 260 = 8 kg

Amount of sugar bought for Re 1 =  $\frac{8}{260}$  kg

Now, amount of sugar bought for Rs 877.50 =  $\frac{8}{260} \times 877.50$  kg = 27 kg

$\therefore$  27 kg of sugar can be bought for Rs 877.50.

Q3

**Answer :**

Length of the silk purchased for Rs 6290 = 37 m

Length of the silk purchased for Re 1 =  $\frac{37}{6290}$  m

Now, length of the silk purchased for Rs 4,420 =  $\frac{37}{6290} \times 4420$  m = 26 m

$\therefore$  26 m of silk can be purchased for Rs 4,420.

Q4

**Answer :**

Number of days for which a worker is paid Rs 1,110 = 6

Number of days for which a worker is paid Re 1 =  $\frac{6}{1110}$  days

Now, number of days for which a worker is paid Rs 4625 =  $\frac{6}{1110} \times 4625$  days = 25 days

$\therefore$  The worker worked 25 days in a month.

Q5

**Answer :**

Distance covered by the car with 42 L of petrol = 357 km

Distance covered by the car with 1 L of petrol =  $\frac{357}{42}$  km [less petrol, less distance]

Now, distance covered by the car with 12 L of petrol =  $\frac{357}{42} \times 12$  = 102 km [more petrol, more distance]

Q6

**Answer :**

Cost of travelling 900 km by train = Rs 2520

Cost of travelling 1 km by train = Rs  $\frac{2520}{900}$

Now, cost of travelling 360 km by train = Rs  $\frac{2520}{900} \times 360$  = Rs 1008

$\therefore$  The train fare for a journey of distance 360 km is Rs 1,008.

Q7

**Answer :**

Time taken to cover a distance of 51 km = 45 min

Time taken to cover a distance of 1 km =  $\frac{45}{51}$  min

Time taken to cover distance of 221 km =  $\frac{45}{51} \times 221$  min = 195 min = 3 h 15 min

$\therefore$  The train will take 3 h 15 min to cover a distance of 221 km.

Q8

**Answer :**

Length of the iron rod that weighs 85.5 kg = 22.5 m

Length of the iron rod that weighs 1 kg =  $\frac{22.5}{85.5}$  m [less weight, less length]

$\therefore$  Length of the iron rod that weighs 22.8 kg =  $\frac{22.5}{85.5} \times 22.8$  m = 6 m [more weight, more length]

Q9

**Answer :**

Number of paper sheets that weighs 162 g = 6

Number of paper sheets that weighs 1 g =  $\frac{6}{162}$  [less weight, less sheets]

$\therefore$  Number of paper sheets that weighs 13.5 kg =  $\frac{6}{162} \times 13.5 \times 1000 = 500$  [more weight, more sheets]

Q10

**Answer :**

Number of cartons needed to pack 1152 soap bars = 8

Number of cartons needed to pack 1 soap bar =  $\frac{8}{1152}$  [less number of soaps, less number of cartons needed]

Now, number of cartons needed to pack 3888 soap bars =  $\frac{8}{1152} \times 3888 = 27$  [more soaps, more carton needed]

$\therefore$  27 cartons are needed to pack 3888 soap bars.

Q11

**Answer :**

Number of cardboards in a pile of thickness 44 mm = 16

Number of cardboards in a pile of thickness 1 mm =  $\frac{16}{44}$

Number of cardboards in a pile of thickness 71.5 cm =  $\frac{16}{44} \times 71.5 \times 10 = 260$  [1 cm=10 mm]

$\therefore$  260 cardboards will be there in a pile of thickness 71.5 cm.

Q12

**Answer :**

Height of the flagstaff that casts a shadow of length 8.2 m = 7 m

Height of the building that casts a shadow of length 1 m =  $\frac{7}{8.2}$  m

Height of the building that casts a shadow of length 20.5 m =  $\frac{7}{8.2} \times 20.5$  m = 17.5 m

$\therefore$  The height of the required building is 17.5 m.

Q13

**Answer :**

Number of men employed to built the 16.25 m long wall = 15

Number of men required to built a 1 m long wall =  $\frac{15}{16.25}$

Number of men that should be employed to built a 26 m long wall =  $\frac{15}{16.25} \times 26 = 24$

$\therefore$  24 men should be employed to build a wall of length 26 m in a day.

Q14

**Answer :**

Number of patients who can consume 1350 L of milk = 60

Number of patients who can consume 1 L of milk =  $\frac{60}{1350}$

Now, number of patients who can consume 1710 L of milk =  $\frac{60}{1350} \times 1710 = 76$

Hence, 76 patients can be accommodated in the hospital if the monthly ration of milk is raised to 1710 L.

Q15

**Answer :**

Weight that would produce an extension of 2.8 cm = 150 g

Weight that would produce an extension of 1 cm =  $\frac{150}{2.8}$  g

Weight that would produce an extension of 19.6 cm =  $\frac{150}{2.8} \times 19.6 = 1050$  g = 1 kg 50 g [1 kg = 1000 g]

$\therefore$  A weight of 1 kg 50 g would produce an extension of 19.6 cm



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April 18, 2017 by [Rajashekhhar](#) – 1 Comment



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## Unitary Method RS Aggarwal Class 7 Maths Solutions Exercise 9B

Unitary Method RS Aggarwal Class 7 Maths Solutions Exercise 9B

Q1

**Answer :**

48 men can dig a trench in 14 days.

1 man can dig the trench in  $14 \times 48$  days.

[less men, more days]

Therefore, 28 men can dig the trench in  $\frac{14 \times 48}{28}$  days = 24 days

[more men, less days]

Hence, 28 men will take 24 days to dig a similar trench.

Q2

**Answer :**

No. of men required to reap the field in 30 days = 16

No. of men required to reap the field in 1 day =  $16 \times 30$

(less days, more men)

Now, no. of men required to reap the field in 24 days =  $\frac{16 \times 30}{24} = 20$

(more days, less men)

$\therefore$  20 men are required to reap the field in 24 days.

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Q3

**Answer :**

Number of cows that can graze the field in 13 days = 45

Number of cows that can graze the field in 1 day =  $45 \times 13$  [Less days, more cows]

Therefore, number of cows that can graze the field in 9 days =  $\frac{45 \times 13}{9} = 65$  [More days, less cows]

Hence, 65 cows can graze the field in 9 days.

Q4

**Answer :**

Time taken by 16 horses to consume the corn = 25 days

Time taken by 1 horse to consume the corn =  $25 \times 16$  [less horses, more time taken]

Time taken by 40 horses to consume the corn =  $\frac{25 \times 16}{40} = 10$  days [more horses, less time taken]

Hence, 40 horses would consume the same quantity of corn in 10 days.

Q5

**Answer :**

Days taken to finish the book if 18 pages are read everyday = 25

Days taken to finish the book if 1 page is read everyday =  $18 \times 25$  [less pages, more days]

Now, days taken to finish the book if 15 pages are read everyday =  $\frac{18 \times 25}{15} = 30$  [more pages, less days]

Hence, the girl will take 30 days to finish the book if she reads 15 pages everyday.

Q6

**Answer :**

Time taken to type 40 words per minute = 24 min

Time taken to type a word per minute =  $24 \times 40$  min

Now, time taken to type 48 words per minute =  $\frac{24 \times 40}{48} = 20$  min

Hence, Geeta will take 20 minutes to type the same document if her typing speed is 48 words/min.

Q7

**Answer :**

Time taken to cover the distance at a speed of 45 km/h = 3 h 20 min = 200 min

Time taken to cover the distance at a speed of 1 km/h =  $45 \times 3.33$  min [less speed, more time]

Time taken to cover the distance at a speed of 36 km/h =  $\frac{45 \times 3.33}{36} = 4.1625$  h  $\approx$  4 h 10 min

Hence, the bus will take 4 h 10 min to cover the distance if its speed is 36 km/h.

Q8

**Answer :**

Time taken to make 240 tonnes of steel = 30 days

Time taken to make 1 tonne of steel =  $30 \times 240$  days

Now, time taken to make 300 or (240 + 60) tonnes of steel =  $\frac{30 \times 240}{300} = 24$  days

$\therefore$  The materials will last for 24 days if 60 more tonnes of steel is to be made that month.

Q9

**Answer :**

Initially, the contractor had 210 men for 60 days. After 12 days, 70 more men joined.

210 men can finish the work in 48 days

1 man can finish the work in  $210 \times 48$  days

Now, 280 men can finish the work in  $\frac{210 \times 48}{280}$  days = 36 days.

Hence, it will take 36 days to finish the remaining work.

Q10

**Answer :**

No. of men for which the provision will last for 25 days = 360

No. of men for which the provision will last for 1 day =  $360 \times 25$

Now, no. of men for which the provision will last for 30 days =  $\frac{360 \times 25}{30} = 300$

$\therefore$  60 men, i.e., (360 – 300), must be transferred to another camp so that the provision lasts for 30 days.

11

**Answer :**

Number of days for which the food is sufficient for 120 men = 195

Number of days for which food is sufficient for 1 man =  $120 \times 195$

Number of days for which food is sufficient for 90 men =  $\frac{120 \times 195}{90} = 260$

Hence, the food will last for 260 days.

Q12

**Answer :**

We are given that in a fort, 1200 soldiers had enough food for 28 days.

Let  $x$  soldiers left after 4 days, thus, remaining soldiers =  $1200 - x$

Now, for these remaining soldiers food lasts for 32 days.

As number of soldiers decrease, food lasts long.

Thus, situation after 4 days is

$$1200 \times 24 = (1200 - x) \times 32$$

$$\Rightarrow (1200 - x) = \frac{1200 \times 24}{32}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1200 - x = 900$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1200 - 900$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 300$$

Thus 300 soldiers left the fort after 4 days

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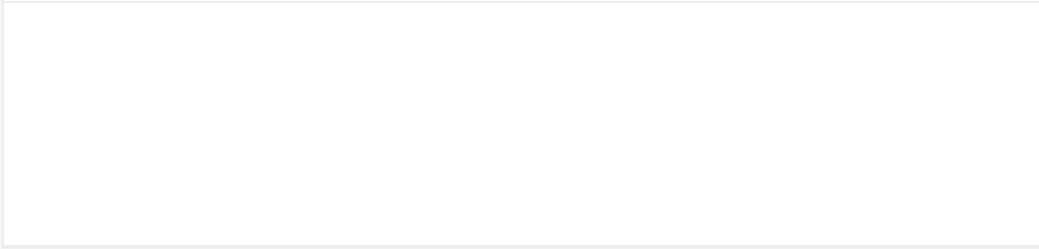
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# Unitary Method

## Exercise 9C

Q1

**Answer :**

(c) 45.6 kg

Weight of the rod of length 4.5 m = 17.1 kg

Weight of the rod of length 1 m =  $\frac{17.1}{4.5}$  kg [less length, less weight]

$\therefore$  Weight of the rod of length 12 m =  $\frac{17.1}{4.5} \times 12 = 45.6$  kg [more length, more weight]

Q2

**Answer :**

(d) none of these

0.8 cm represents 8.8 km.

1 cm represents  $\frac{8.8}{0.8}$  km.

80.5 cm represents  $\frac{8.8}{0.8} \times 80.5 = 885.5$  km.

Q3

**Answer :**

Distance covered in 20 min = 5 km

Distance covered in 1 min =  $\frac{5}{20}$  km [less time, less distance covered]

Distance covered in 50 min =  $\frac{5}{20} \times 50 = 12.5$  km [more time, more distance covered]

Hence, Raghu will cover a distance of 12.5 km in 50 minutes.

Thus, the correct option is (c).

Q4

**Answer :**

Number of days for which 500 men have enough food = 24

Number of days for which 1 man has enough food =  $24 \times 500$  [less men, more food]

Number of days for which 800 men have enough food =  $\frac{24 \times 500}{800} = 15$  [more men, less food]

Hence, the food will last for 15 days after the reinforcement of 300 men.

Thus, the correct option is (d).

Q5

**Answer :**

Time taken to fill  $\frac{4}{5}$  of a cistern = 1 min

Time taken to fill 1 cistern =  $\frac{5}{4}$  min

Time taken to fill  $\frac{1}{5}$  of a cistern =  $\frac{5}{4} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{4}$  min = 15 seconds

Hence, it will take 15 seconds to fill the rest of the cistern.

Thus, the correct option is (b).

Q6

**Answer :**

Number of cows that eat as much as 15 buffaloes = 21  
Number of cows that eat as much as 1 Buffalo =  $\frac{21}{15}$   
Number of cows that eat as much as 35 buffaloes =  $\frac{21}{15} \times 35 = 49$   
Hence, 49 cows will eat as much as 35 buffaloes.

Thus, the correct option is (a).

Q7

**Answer :**

(b) 75 m

Height of the tree that casts a 4 m long shadow = 6 m  
Height of the tree that casts a 1 m long shadow =  $\frac{6}{4}$  m  
 $\therefore$  Height of the flag pole that casts a 50 m long shadow =  $\frac{6}{4} \times 50 = 75$  m

Q8

**Answer :**

8 men finish the work in 40 days.  
1 man can finish the work in  $8 \times 40$  days. [Less men, more days]  
10 men can finish the work in  $\frac{8 \times 40}{10} = 32$  days. [More men, less days]  
 $\therefore$  If 2 more men join them, the work will be completed in 32 days.

The correct option is (b).

Q9

**Answer :**

Number of days taken to reap the field by 16 men = 30 days  
Number of days taken to reap the field by 1 man =  $30 \times 16$  days [Less men, more days]  
Number of days taken to reap the field by 20 men =  $\frac{30 \times 16}{20} = 24$  days [More men, less days]

Hence, 20 men will take 24 days to reap the field.

The correct option is (b).

Q10

**Answer :**

Time taken to fill the tank by 10 pipes = 24 min  
Time taken to fill the tank by 1 pipe =  $24 \times 10$  min [Less pipes, more time taken]  
Time taken to fill the tank by 8 pipes =  $\frac{24 \times 10}{8}$  min = 30 min [More pipes, less time taken]  
Hence, it will take 30 minutes to fill the tank if two pipes go out of order.

The correct option is (c).

Q11

**Answer :**

Cost of 72 eggs = Rs 108  
Cost of 1 egg = Rs  $\frac{108}{72}$   
Cost of 132 eggs = Rs  $\frac{108}{72} \times 132 =$  Rs 198

Hence, 132 eggs will cost Rs 198.

The correct option is (d).

Q12

**Answer :**

Time taken by 12 workers to complete the job = 4 h

Time taken by 1 worker to complete the job =  $4 \times 12$  h

Time taken by 15 workers to complete the job =  $\frac{4 \times 12}{15} = 3$  h 12 min

Hence, 15 workers will complete the job in 3 h 12 min.

The correct option is (b).

Q13

**Answer :**

500 men had enough food for 24 days.

1 man had enough food for  $24 \times 500$  days.

[Less men, more days]

800 men had enough food for  $\frac{24 \times 500}{800} = 15$  days

[More men, less days]

Hence, the food will now last for 15 days after the reinforcement of 300 men.

The correct option is (a).

Q14

**Answer :**

(c) 98

No. of rounds around the cylinder of radius 14 cm = 140

No. of rounds around the cylinder of radius 1 cm =  $140 \times 14$

[Less radius, more rounds]

No. of rounds around the cylinder of radius 20 cm =  $\frac{140 \times 14}{20} = 98$

[More radius, less rounds]

Hence, the rope makes 98 rounds around the circumference of the cylinder of radius 20 cm.

Q15

**Answer :**

No. of toys made in  $\frac{2}{3}$  h = 1

No. of toys made in 1 h =  $\frac{3}{2}$

No. of toys made in  $7\frac{1}{3}$  h =  $\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{22}{3} = 11$

Hence, the worker will make 11 toys in  $7\frac{1}{3}$  h.

The correct option is (d).

Q16

**Answer :**

Men required to finish the work in 8 days = 10

Men required to finish the work in 1 day =  $10 \times 8$

[More day, less men]

Men required to finish the work in half a day =  $\frac{10 \times 8}{\frac{1}{2}} = 10 \times 8 \times 2 = 160$  [Less days, more men]

Hence, 150 (i.e.,  $160 - 10$ ) men are added to finish the work in half a day.

The correct option is (d).